

Indirect Measures of Student Learning

Presented by: Institutional Research (IR) Office University of Scranton

January 23, 2015

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Agenda

- Introductions
- Direct vs. Indirect Measures
- Course, Program, and Institutional Assessment Measures
- Activity
- Break
- Institutional Effectiveness and the IR Office
- Surveys
- National Surveys
- Where to go for help



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scranton.edu/institutional-research



Institutional Resource (IR) Office

- Valerie Taylor, Director
- Jordan Knicely, Research Analyst and Reporting Coordinator
- Rachel Bourizk, Data Analyst
- Jean Mastri, Clerical Support

SCRANTON



Direct and Indirect Evidence

- <u>Direct evidence</u> of student learning is tangible, visible, selfexplanatory, and compelling evidence of exactly what students have and have not learned.
- Indirect evidence consists of proxy signs that students are probably learning.

(Suskie, 2009)

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Indirect Assessment Methods

- Focus Groups
- Advisory Committee
- Student Activity and Study Log
- Institutional Data
- · External Reviewers
- Student Surveying and Exit Interviewing
- Alumni Surveying
- Employer and Co-op Surveying
- Curriculum and Syllabus Analysis
- Interviews
- Course Evaluations
- Reports



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Direct & Indirect Measures - Course

Direct

- Course and homework assignments
- Examinations and quizzes Standardized tests
- Term papers and reports
- Observations of field work, internship performance, service learning, or clinical experiences

- experiences
 Research projects
 Class discussion participation
 Case study analysis
 Rubric scores for writing, oral presentations,
 and performances
 Artistic performances and products
 Could be that with the product of the conditions of the country of
- Grades that are based on explicit criteria related to clear learning goals

Indirect

- Course evaluations
- Test blueprints
- Percent of class time spent in active learning
- Number of student hours spent on service learning
- Number of student hours spent on homework
- Number of student hours spent at intellectual or cultural activities related to the course





Direct & Indirect Measures - Program

Direct

- Capstone projects, senior theses, exhibits, or performances
- Pass rates or scores on licensure, certification, or subject area tests
- Student publications or conference presentations
- Employer, Co-op and internship supervisor rating of students' performance

Indirect

- Focus group interviews with students, faculty members, or employers
- Registration or course enrollment information
- Department or program review data
- Co-op supervisor surveys
- Student perception surveys
- Graduate school placement rates

Middle States Commission on Higher Education, 2007



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Direct & Indirect Measures - Institutional

Direct

- Performance on tests of writing, critical thinking, or general knowledge
- Explicit self-reflections on what students have learned related to institutional programs such as the coop experience

Indirect

- Locally-developed, commercial, or national surveys of student perceptions or self-report of activities (NSSE)
- Transcript reports including institutional benchmarks, such as graduation and retention rates, grade point averages of graduates, etc.

Middle States Commission on Higher Education, 200



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Direct and Indirect Measures of Student Learning

- It is important to distinguish between direct and indirect methods
- Units should use at least one direct measure
- First use direct measures of student learning then use indirect measures to support
- Direct and indirect evidence should complement each other when used in tandem and can become more than the sum of the two



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scranton.edu/institutional-essearch

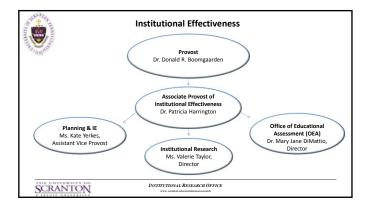


Indirect Measures Limitations & Considerations

- Do not evaluate student learning *per se*, and therefore should not be the only means of assessing outcomes.
- As with direct measures, they do not necessarily imply that value-added learning has occurred.

CR			
		-	





1	**************************************	679
THE STATE	W.V	Present
30	ine.	Se Se

IR Office

• Data Standards

Reporting

• Government and Consortium

• Ad Hoc and Special Studies

• IE and Planning Support

- Surveys*
- Dashboards*
- Enrollment, Graduation Reports*
- Retention and Graduation Rates*
- Benchmarking*
- Fact Book* and Fact Sheet*

*Indirect Measures of Student Learning

	R			

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE

A	1	100
3		- 4
5	44	8
51		J E
1	1	18
~	199	0

IR Office

• http://www.scranton.edu/pir/institutional-research/index.shtml



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scranton.edu/institutional-research



Indirect Measure -Surveys

Advantages

 Surveys can be an important in understanding student's academic needs and their perception of their educational experience. Additionally, surveys can be used to determine students' <u>satisfaction</u> with the services offered at the university as well as program-specific services such as advising, etc.

Disadvantages

 Surveys are used to gather data regarding the perceptions of individuals about personal experiences. In most instances, this method does <u>not provide direct</u> <u>evidence of knowledge, skills, and</u> <u>abilities</u>. When this method of assessment is implemented, a direct measurement approach should be used as well.



0	+ to	5
THE		NINK
3	The state of	8

Indirect Measure - Surveys

Published Instruments (National)

- Comparability
- Good-quality questions
- Good breadth of coverage
- Evidence of their quality
- Identify strengths and weaknesses
- Require less of our time

Locally Designed Instruments (In-house)

- · Local goals and aims
- Greater detail
- Practicality
- Costs



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Break



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



National Survey Overview

- Survey Schedule & Surveys
- Survey Mappings
- Dissemination
- Participation Rates
- Alumni Data



+	SAN TO	R Su	ırve	y Sch	edı	ule	Ovei	rvie	w	
	Year	Entering Students	Freshmen	Sophomores	Juniors	Seniors	Graduating Seniors	Alumni	Faculty	Survey of Student Engagement (SSE) BCSSE – Before College SSE
	2006-07	CIRP	YFYC				CSS			NSSF – National SSF
	2007-08		NSSE				NSSE	HEDS	FSSE	FSSE – Faculty SSE
	2008-09		FYI	NLSSI			HEDS		NLIPI (plus staff)	,
	2009-10	BCSSE	NSSE				NSSE			CSS – College Senior Survey
	2010-11	CIRP					CSS		HERI	CIRP – Freshman Survey
	2011-12		NSSE				NSSE			HERI – Faculty Survey
	2012-13			Ana	lysis & Ev	aluation Ye	ear	HEDS		YFCY – Your First College Year
	2013-14	CIRP					CSS		HERI	
	2014-15		NSSE				NSSE		FSSE	FYI – First Year Initiative
	2015-16			Ana	lysis & Ev	aluation Ye	ear			HEDS – Higher Ed. Data Sharing
	2016-17	CIRP					CSS		HERI	NLIPI – Noel Levitz Inst. Priorities
	2017-18		NSSE				NSSE		FSSE	NLSSI - Noel Levitz Stu. Satisfaction
	2018-19			Ana	lysis & Ev	aluation Ye				
	2019-20	CIRP					CSS		HERI	
SCF	RANT	ON		Ins		NAL RESE	ARCH OFFIC	E		

		Past Surveys	orts/institutional-survey-reports-page.shtml
Survey Instrument	Administration Date	Response Rate	Document/Report
CSS 2013-14	Spring 2014	31%	ILO Summaries
HERI 2013-14	Spring 2014	23%	
CIRP 2013-14	Fall 2013	24%	Infographic
NSSE 2011-12	Spring 2012	27%	Senior Report
ECAR 2013	Spring 2013	16%	Annual ECAR Student and IT Study - Report
CSS 2010-11	Spring 2011	34%	Senior Survey Report
HEDS Alumni 2012-13	Fall 2012	8%	HEDS Alumni 2012-13
HERI 2010-11	Fall 2010	32%	HERI 2010-11
NSSE 2009-10	Spring 2010	FY 32%, SR 36% SR 36%	NSSE Survey SLO Report 2009-10 NSSE Senior Survey Report 2009-10
CIRP 2010-11	Fall 2010	20%	CIRP 2010-11 Freshman Survey Results
BCSSE 2009-10	Fall 2009	23%	BCSSE 2009-10 Freshman
HEDS Senior Survey 2008-09	Spring 2009	32%	HEDS Senior Survey 2008-09
First Year Initiative 2008	Fall 2008	28%	First Year Initiative 2008
Noel-Levitz Student Survey Gap Analysis Report	Fall 2008	SSI 24% (students), IPS 42% (staff/fac)	Noel-Levitz Student Survey Gap Analysis Report
Delaware Study 2008-09	Fall 2008		Delaware Study of Faculty Costs and Productivity 2008-05
NSSE 2007-08	Spring 2008	2007-08 FY 32%, SR 36%, 2005-06 FY54% &, SR50%	NSSE Benchmarking Report 2007-08
	I	FY 40%, SR 35%	NSSE/FSSE Report 2007-08



Spring Surveys 2014-15

- Measuring Information Service Outcomes (MISO)
 February 26 March 9
 Faculty, Staff, and Undergraduates
- National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE)
 March 9 May
 Seniors and Freshman
- Faculty Survey of Student Engagement (FSSE)
 March 31 May
 Faculty

	R/		



NSSE 2014

- Housed at Indiana University's Center for Postsecondary Research
- Large national survey
 - Last year 716 institutions participated
 - 473,633 students
- First administered in 1999 with full-scale implementation in 2000
- http://nsse.iub.edu/pdf/survey instruments/2014/NSSE%202014% 20-%20US%20English.pdf



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



FSSE 2014

- Smaller scale, but still national
 - 143 institutions
 - 18,860 faculty
- Many questions mirror NSSE and provide context
- http://fsse.iub.edu/pdf/2014/fsse14_survey.pdf



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scratton.edu/institutional-coscarch



NSSE & FSSE – Examples

NSSE

- During the current school year, about how often have you done the following?
 - Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in
 - Included diverse perspectives in course discussions or assignments

FSSE

- In your selected course section, how important is it to you that the typical student do the follow?
 - Prepare two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in
 - Include diverse perspectives in course discussions or assignments

THE	CINTERES	SITY OF
SC	RAN	TON



NSSE & FSSE – Examples

NSSE

- How much has your experience at this institution contributed to your knowledge, skills, and personal development in the following areas?
 - Writing clearly and effectively
 - Thinking critically and analytically
 - Analyzing numerical and statistical information
 - Solving complex real-world problems

FSSE

- To what extent do you structure your selected course section so that students learn and develop in the following areas?
 - Writing clearly and effectively
 - Thinking critically and analytically
 - Analyzing numerical and statistical information
 - Solving complex real-world problems



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



NSSE & FSSE Modules

NSSE

- Development of Transferable Skills
- First-Year Experiences and Senior Transitions

FSSE

- Development of Transferable Skills
- Scholarship of Teaching & Learning



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



College Senior Survey (CSS)

- Located at the Higher Education Research Institute (HERI) at UCLA
- Smaller than the NSSE
 - 74 schools in 2014
 - Over 13,000 graduating seniors
- Contains some similar questions and some dissimilar questions to the NSSE





CSS 2014 – A few examples

- How often in the past year did you:
 - Revise your papers to improve your writing
 - Look up scientific research articles and resources
- How often did you engage in each activity during the past year?
 - Performed volunteer or community service work
 - Worked on a local, state, or national political campaign

CC	DA	NI	TY	TAC
SC	IV.	UN	11	71

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Survey Mappings

- College Senior Survey
- National Survey of Student Engagement

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scranton.edu/institutional-research



Dissemination

- Timeline
- Types
 - Infographics
 - Reports
 - Presentations
 - Department Summaries

SCRANTON



Survey timeline

- College Senior Survey 2014
 - April 17 Survey opens
 - June Survey closes
 - Summer Higher Education Research Institute (HERI) creates their comparison reports
 - Sept 26 HERI sends out our data and comparison report
 - December IR releases ILO infographics and sends out program summaries
 - January/Early February IR office releases CSS report

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Types of Reports

- Infographics
 - CSS ILO Posters
 - http://www.scranton.edu/pir/institutional-research/institutional-survey-reports/institutional-survey-reports-page.shtml
 - CIRP Freshman Survey Then and Now
 - http://www.scranton.edu/pir/institutional-research/institutional-survey-reports/2013_CIRP_ThenNow.pdf
 - Student Participation in HIEPs
 - http://www.scranton.edu/pir/institutional-research/institutional-surveyreports/UofS_NSSE12_HilmpactPractices.pdf

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE
www.scranton.edu/institutional-research



Types of Reports

- Written reports
 - Emailed to administration, deans, and department chairs
 - Posted to IR website
- Presentations
 - Given to University committees and governance groups
 - UPC, President's Cabinet
 - Posted to IR website

SCRANTON



Types of Reports

- Department/Program Summaries
 - Based on a student's major listed in Banner
 - Emailed to department/program chairs
 - Require at least 5 student responses to protect confidentiality

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Occasionally	4	16.7	25.0	25.0
	Frequently	12	50.0	75.0	100.0
	Total	16	66.7	100.0	
Missing	System	8	33.3		
Total		24	100.0		



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Participation Rates

- Tend to be in 25%-33% range
- Important for breaking down results by College/Program
- We do not disaggregate to less than 5 seniors.
 - If a program has 100 seniors a 10% response rate is ok
 - For programs with 15 seniors, 33% would be the minimum



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Increasing Participation Rates

- NSSE Things we are doing:

 - Tabling for visibility
 Giving all participants \$4 Starbucks gift card
 Announcing across campus media
- What you can do to help
 Announce the survey in class (we will send an email when we are about to launch)
- Point out that their feedback is valuable and we do look at it
- Please do not
 - Give extra credit
 - Email students about NSSE

THE R.	CONTR	VER	SIT	v o
SC	RA	N	TY	N



Alumni Data

- First steps

 - First Destination Survey with Career Services
 Existing Data being moved into Banner
 http://www.scranton.edu/studentlife/studentaffairs/careers/sub-pages/followup-surveys/2013Surveypdf
- · Moving forward
 - Postcard survey
 - Five year survey
 - Pre-existing data sources
 - National Student Data Clearing House, LinkedIn, Department Surveys, Facebook, Other ideas?

SCRANTON

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Institutional Research (IR) Office

- valerie.taylor@scranton.edu
- jordan.knicely@scranton.edu
- rachel.bourizk@scranton.edu
- http://www.scranton.edu/pir/institutionalresearch/index.shtml



INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE



Where else to go for help

- Direct Measures (OEA/CTLE)
- Department/Program Goals and Objectives (OEA/CTLE)
- Course Evaluations (CTLE)

SCRANTON

A CONTROLL OF THE PROPERTY OF	
Discussion & Questions	
THE UNIVERSITY OF INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH OFFICE Ves craims distinguist enema.	